## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULT OF OPERATIONS

## For Quarter 3/2018 and 9 months ended September 2018

1) Company's Operating Result

| (US\$ Million) | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | $+/(-)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Revenue | 1,571 | 1,650 | $(80)$ |
| EBITDA | 71 | 116 | $(45)$ |
| EBIT | 50 | 95 | $(45)$ |
| Exchange gain (loss) | 16 | $(15)$ | 31 |
| Net income | 38 | 73 | $(35)$ |
| Net income (US\$ per share) | 0.01 | 0.02 | $(0.01)$ |
| Gross refining margin <br> (US\$/barrel) - accounting |  |  |  |
| (1) | 6.34 | 10.51 | $(4.17)$ |
| Market gross refining margin <br> (US\$/barrel) | 5.05 | 6.02 | $(0.97)$ |


| Q3/17 | $+/(-)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1,269 | 302 |
| 125 | $(53)$ |
| 104 | $(53)$ |
| 7 | 9 |
| 84 | $(46)$ |
| 0.02 | $(0.01)$ |
| 9.70 | $(3.36)$ |
| 8.91 | $(3.86)$ |


| $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ | $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$ | $+/(-)$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4,781 | 3,639 | 1,142 |
| 305 | 290 | 15 |
| 242 | 227 | 14 |
| 23 | 32 | $(9)$ |
| 191 | 183 | 8 |
| 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.00 |
| 8.51 | 8.08 | 0.43 |
| 6.12 | 7.99 | $(1.87)$ |


| Crude intake (thousand <br> barrels/day) | 143.3 | 165.1 | (21.8) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| 157.7 | 150.1 | 7.6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| (Baht Million) | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | $+/(-)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Revenue | 52,050 | 52,984 | $(934)$ |
| EBITDA | 2,359 | 3,717 | $(1,358)$ |
| EBIT | 1,662 | 3,040 | $(1,378)$ |
| Exchange gain (loss) | 526 | $(482)$ | 1,009 |
| Net income | 1,248 | 2,323 | $(1,075)$ |
| Net income (Baht per share) | 0.29 | 0.54 | $(0.25)$ |


| Q3/17 | $+/(-)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 42,572 | 9,478 |
| 4,172 | $(1,814)$ |
| 3,477 | $(1,814)$ |
| 225 | 302 |
| 2,819 | $(1,571)$ |
| 0.65 | $(0.36)$ |


| $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ | $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$ | $+/(-)$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 154,492 | 125,200 | 29,292 |
| 9,807 | 9,980 | $(173)$ |
| 7,764 | 7,839 | $(75)$ |
| 757 | 1,120 | $(363)$ |
| 6,144 | 6,322 | $(178)$ |
| 1.42 | 1.46 | $(0.04)$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ margin includes inventory gain/loss based on weighted average inventory cost
${ }^{(2)}$ margin is calculated based on current replacement cost

| Exchange rate (Baht/US\$) | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | $+/(-)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Average FX | 33.15 | 32.12 | 1.03 |
| Closing FX | 32.58 | 33.33 | $(0.75)$ |


| Q3/17 | $+/(-)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 33.54 | $(0.39)$ |
| 33.53 | $(0.96)$ |


| $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ | $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$ | $+/(-)$ |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 32.33 | 34.42 | $(2.10)$ |
| 32.58 | 33.53 | $(0.96)$ |

In Q3/18 SPRC crude intake was 143.3 thousand barrels per day, or $86.8 \%$ of refining capacity, lower than 165.1 thousand barrels per day in Q2/18 due to the maintenance and cleaning activity of the Crude Distillation Unit (CDU) and Vacuum Distillation Unit (VDU) in August. Total sale revenue was US $\$ 1,571$ million (Baht 52,050 million), slightly decreased from Q2/18 due to lower sale volume from lower throughput but partially offset by higher average oil and product price in Q3/18. SPRC EBITDA for Q3/18 was US\$71 million (Baht 2,359 million), a decrease of US $\$ 45$ million (Baht 1,358 million) from Q2/18. Similarly, net income for Q3/18 was US\$38 (Baht 1,248 million), lower than Q2/18. The decrease in EBITDA and net income comparing to Q2/18 was primarily impacted from lower in both accounting and market gross refining margin during the quarter and lower sale volume as a consequence of the maintenance activity. The oil price during Q3/18 was increased slightly and reflected to the stock gain in accounting gross refining margin. Excluding stock gain, market gross refining margin of US\$5.05/bbl was lower than Q2/18 mainly impacted from the CDU/VDU maintenance and weak product demand especially on gasoline and jet.

Compared Q3/18 with Q3/17, crude intake also decreased due to the maintenance activity. Despite the lower throughput and sale volume, total sale revenue in Q3/18 increased US $\$ 302$ million (Baht 9,478 million) as a result of the increase in product price. The lower throughput and lower gross
refining margin from weak demand during Q3/18 contributed to the lower EBITDA and lower net income. Baht appreciation during Q3/18 resulted to exchange gain in this quarter.

Compared 9M/18 with 9M/17, crude intake was 157.7 thousand barrels per day, increased from 150.1 thousand barrels per day in $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$. Lower crude intake in the same period of prior year was due to the CDU maintenance in Q2/17. Sale revenue for $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ increased from $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$ due to the increase in both product price and sale volume. EBITDA and net income for $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ slightly increased from 9M/17 which was mainly attributed to the higher sale volume and higher accounting gross refining margin due to the stock gain in increasing oil price in this year. Excluding stock gain, market gross refining margin in $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ of US $\$ 6.12 / \mathrm{bbl}$ was lower than $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ mainly impacted from weaker crack spread of gasoline.

## 2) Market Condition

| MOPS Pricing | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | $+/(-)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dubai crude oil | 74.25 | 72.12 | 2.14 |
| Light Naphtha (MOPJ) | 74.08 | 71.21 | 2.87 |
| Gasoline (premium) | 85.80 | 84.25 | 1.55 |
| Jet Fuel | 88.73 | 87.37 | 1.36 |
| Diesel | 88.63 | 86.73 | 1.90 |
| Fuel Oil | 71.74 | 67.69 | 4.05 |


| Q3/17 | $+/(-)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 50.45 | 23.80 |
| 51.97 | 22.11 |
| 66.54 | 19.26 |
| 63.59 | 25.14 |
| 64.30 | 24.33 |
| 49.11 | 22.63 |


| Spread over Dubai | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | Q3/18 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Light Naphtha (MOPJ) | -0.18 | -0.91 | 0.74 |
| Gasoline (premium) | 11.54 | 12.13 | -0.59 |
| Jet Fuel | 14.48 | 15.26 | -0.78 |
| Diesel | 14.38 | 14.61 | -0.23 |
| Fuel Oil | -2.52 | -4.43 | 1.91 |


| Q3/17 | $+/(-)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1.52 | -1.69 |
| 16.09 | -4.54 |
| 13.14 | 1.34 |
| 13.85 | 0.53 |
| -1.34 | -1.17 |

Average Dubai price for Q3/18 was US $\$ 74.25 / \mathrm{bbl}$, increased from US $\$ 72.12 / \mathrm{bbl}$ in Q2/18 support by supply concerns ahead of U.S. sanctions against Iran, strong crude demand from China and Japan before winter and declining U.S. fuel inventories amid the ongoing crude supply outage at Syncrude Canada in Alberta. Moreover Libya's National Oil had declared force majeure on exports from Zawiya oil terminal as production at Sharara oilfield dropped to 125,000 barrels per day. In Q4/18, Dubai price is expected to be rise as signs OPEC may not raise output to address shrinking supplies from Iran.

Gasoline spread over Dubai fell to US\$11.54/bbl. Gasoline market trended downward in this quarter mainly influenced by the oversupplied global market, rising gasoline stocks particularly in the U.S. East Coast and lower regional demand after Muslim festival month which is reducing driving demand in the Middle East and South-East Asia. Singapore light distillates stock was 12.4 million barrels on average. Overall inventories were about 9 percent higher than a year ago.

Naphtha spread over Dubai in Q3/18 averaged minus US $\$ 0.18 / \mathrm{bbl}$. Naphtha margins was improved by higher demand in North Asia, with most petrochemical crackers completing their scheduled turnarounds. However higher crude oil price and the end of summer driving season in the West have also reduced naphtha demand for gasoline blending which pressured on naphtha market.

Jet and Diesel crack spreads over Dubai was slightly lower than previous quarter, averaged US $\$ 14.48 / \mathrm{bbl}$ and US $\$ 14.38 / \mathrm{bbl}$, respectively. Middle distillate cracks were pressured by a seasonal decline in demand particularly in South Asia and Southeast Asia, monsoon season begins and more export from China and India. Overall onshore middle-distillate inventories were about 3 percent lower
than a year ago. High supplies, especially from India and China were a key factor weight on market.

Fuel oil spread over Dubai in Q3/18 was minus US\$2.52/bbl, better than Q2/18 supported by firmed regional fuel oil market as summer demand picked up in the Middle East, increased demand for electricity generation and renewed U.S. sanctions on Iranian oil products are also contributing to lower fuel oil supplies. In this quarter, Singapore onshore fuel oil inventories decreased by $24 \%$ Q-o-Q to 17.6 MMB.

Due to higher crude price, weak in gasoline market, CDU and VDU shutdown, SPRC's average market refining margin in Q3/18 was US\$5.05/bbl as compared to US\$6.02/bbl in Q2/18 and US\$8.91/bbl in Q3/17. In Q3/18, SPRC maximized margin by capturing benefit from process optimization, maximized synergy transfer with PTTGC and maximized domestic placement for all products.

Sources: Reuters, IHS, Platts

## 3) Financial Results

|  | US\$ Million |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | $+/(-)$ |
| Total Revenue | 1,571 | 1,650 | $(80)$ |
| Cost of sales | $(1,530)$ | $(1,535)$ | 5 |
| Gross profit | $\mathbf{4 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{( 7 5 )}$ |
| Other income | 0 | 1 | $(1)$ |
| Exchange gain (loss) | 16 | $(15)$ | 31 |
| Administrative <br> expenses | $(6)$ | $(7)$ | 0 |
| Income tax | $(12)$ | $(22)$ | 10 |
| Net income | $\mathbf{3 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 3}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 5 )}$ |


| US\$ Million |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| Q3/17 | $+/(-)$ |
| 1,269 | 302 |
| $(1,166)$ | $(365)$ |
| 104 | $(63)$ |
| 0 | 0 |
| 7 | 9 |
| $(7)$ | 0 |
| $(19)$ | 7 |
| 84 | $(46)$ |


| US\$ Million |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | :---: |
| $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ | $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$ | $+/(-)$ |
| 4,781 | 3,639 | 1,142 |
| $(4,542)$ | $(3,424)$ | $(1,118)$ |
| 239 | 215 | $\mathbf{2 4}$ |
| 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 23 | 32 | $(9)$ |
| $(22)$ | $(20)$ | $(1)$ |
| $(49)$ | $(42)$ | $(7)$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ |


|  | Baht Million |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | $+/(-)$ |
| Total Revenue | 52,050 | 52,984 | $(934)$ |
| Cost of sales | $(50,709)$ | $(49,278)$ | $(1,431)$ |
| Gross profit | $\mathbf{1 , 3 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 7 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 3 6 4 )}$ |
| Other income | 11 | 35 | $(24)$ |
| Exchange gain (loss) | 526 | $(482)$ | 1,009 |
| Administrative <br> expenses | $(213)$ | $(218)$ | 5 |
| Income tax | $(398)$ | $(707)$ | 309 |
| Net income | $\mathbf{1 , 2 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 , 0 7 5 )}$ |


| Baht Million |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| Q3/17 | $+/(-)$ |
| 42,572 | 9,478 |
| $(39,106)$ | $(11,603)$ |
| 3,467 | $(\mathbf{2 , 1 2 6 )}$ |
| 8 | 2 |
| 225 | 302 |
| $(223)$ | 10 |
| $(635)$ | 237 |
| $\mathbf{2 , 8 1 9}$ | $(\mathbf{1 , 5 7 1})$ |


| Baht Million |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ | $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$ | $+/(-)$ |
| 154,492 | 125,200 | 29,292 |
| $(146,818)$ | $(117,816)$ | $(29,002)$ |
| 7,673 | $\mathbf{7 , 3 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 9}$ |
| 72 | 35 | 37 |
| 757 | 1,120 | $(363)$ |
| $(695)$ | $(700)$ | 5 |
| $(1,580)$ | $(1,442)$ | $(138)$ |
| $\mathbf{6 , 1 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 3 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 7 8 )}$ |

## Production Volumes

| Petroleum products | 03/18 | 02/18 | 03/17 | 9M/18 | 9M/17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Polymer Grade Propylene | 399 | 362 | 354 | 1,136 | 1,154 |
| Liquefied Petroleum Gas | 665 | 650 | 645 | 1,980 | 2,049 |
| Light Naphtha | 504 | 662 | 616 | 1,831 | 1,812 |
| Gasoline | 3,818 | 4,110 | 3,990 | 11,930 | 11,576 |
| Jet Fuel | 1,194 | 1,188 | 1,176 | 3,826 | 2,973 |
| Diesel | 5,308 | 6,055 | 5,805 | 17,323 | 15,808 |
| Fuel Oil | 1,597 | 1,796 | 2,045 | 5,099 | 5,297 |
| Asphalt | 197 | 226 | 286 | 596 | 840 |
| Mix C4 | 439 | 467 | 486 | 1,348 | 1,477 |
| Other ${ }^{(1)}$ | 1,215 | 1,199 | 904 | 3,449 | 2,938 |
| Total production | 15,336 | 16,715 | 16,307 | 48,518 | 45,925 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Includes sulfur and reformate and products sold pursuant to our cracker feed exchange with PTT Global Chemical (PTTGC)

## Total Sale Revenue ${ }^{(1)}$

| Petroleum products | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | Q3/17 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Polymer Grade Propylene | 34 | 31 | 24 |
| Liquefied Petroleum Gas | 37 | 32 | 27 |
| Light Naphtha | 45 | 49 | 33 |
| Gasoline | 470 | 486 | 398 |
| Jet Fuel | 104 | 113 | 73 |
| Diesel | 645 | 692 | 519 |
| Fuel Oil | 112 | 111 | 103 |
| Asphalt | 10 | 12 | 12 |
| Mix C4 | 31 | 43 | 35 |
| Crude | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Others ${ }^{(2)}$ | 83 | 81 | 45 |
| Total Revenue | $\mathbf{1 , 5 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 9}$ |


| US\$ Million |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $9 \mathrm{M} / \mathbf{1 8}$ | $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$ |
| 94 | 80 |
| 100 | 96 |
| 133 | 95 |
| 1,429 | 1,157 |
| 338 | 190 |
| 1,996 | 1,481 |
| 315 | 251 |
| 34 | 39 |
| 104 | 100 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 238 | 150 |
| $\mathbf{4 , 7 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 6 3 9}$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Includes Government LPG and oil subsidies.
${ }^{(2)}$ Includes sulfur, reformate and products sold pursuant to our cracker feed exchange with PTT Global Chemical (PTTGC)

Q3/18 sale revenue slightly decreased 5\% compared to Q2/18 mainly from decrease in sales volume of petroleum products, but increased $24 \%$ compared to $\mathrm{Q} 3 / 17$. The increase was mainly due to higher petroleum products price which was in line with the increase in crude oil price, partly offset with decrease in sales volume of petroleum products to 15.5 million barrels in $\mathrm{Q} 3 / 18$ compared to 16.6 million barrels in Q2/18 and decreased from 16.6 million barrels in Q3/17.

Sale revenue for $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ increased $31 \%$ compared to $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$. The increase was mainly due to increase in average selling price for petroleum products which is in line with the increase in crude oil price, and also increase in sales volume of petroleum products to 48.9 million barrels in $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ as compared to 47.1 million barrels in 9M/17.

In Q3/18, the company sold its petroleum products based on sale revenue to Chevron, PTT and other oil and petrochemical companies in the proportion of $53 \%, 34 \%$ and $13 \%$, respectively.

## Cost of Sales

Cost of sales in Q3/18 and Q2/18 were approximately the same. The higher crude oil price in Q3/18 was offset by the decrease in sale volume.

Compared Q3/18 and 9M/18 with same period of last year, cost of sale increased 31\% and 33\% respectively primary due to higher average cost crude oil.

## Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss)

Gain on foreign exchange in Q3/18 was primarily due to the appreciation of Baht relating to U.S. Dollar in Q3/18 while Baht relating to U.S. Dollar depreciated in Q2/18 which resulted to loss on foreign exchange in that quarter.

Higher foreign exchange gain in Q3/18 comparing to Q3/17 was due to the higher appreciation of Baht relating to U.S. Dollar in Q3/18.

Compared 9M/18 with 9M/17, foreign exchange gain decreased from US $\$ 32$ million (Baht 1,120 million) in 9M/17 to US\$23 million (Baht 757 million) in 9M/18 due lower appreciation of Baht relative to U.S dollar in 9M/18.

## Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses in $\mathrm{Q} 3 / 18, \mathrm{Q} 2 / 18$ and $\mathrm{Q} 3 / 17$ were approximately the same.

Compared $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ with $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$, administrative expenses in 2018 were slight above the same period of prior year.

## 4) Analysis of Financial Position

|  | US\$ Million |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 30 Sep <br> 2018 | 31 Dec <br> 2017 | $+/(-)$ | $\%+/(-)$ |
| Assets <br> Cash \& cash equivalent | 1 | 66 | $(65)$ | $-98 \%$ |
| Other current assets | 1,035 | 810 | 225 | $28 \%$ |
| Non-current assets | 890 | 945 | $(54)$ | $-6 \%$ |
| Total assets | $\mathbf{1 , 9 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 2 1}$ | 106 | $6 \%$ |
| Liabilities <br> Current liabilities | 605 | 513 | 92 | $18 \%$ |
| Non-current liabilities | 22 | 26 | $(4)$ | $-14 \%$ |
| Total liabilities | $\mathbf{6 2 7}$ | 539 | $\mathbf{8 8}$ | $16 \%$ |
| Equity <br> Share capital \& retained <br> earnings | 1,300 | 1,282 | 17 | $1 \%$ |
| Other component of <br> shareholders'equity | $\mathbf{1 , 3 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ |
| Total equity | 1,926 | $\mathbf{1 , 8 2 1}$ | 106 | $\mathbf{6 \%}$ |
| Total liabilities \& equity |  |  |  |  |


| Baht Million |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 30 Sep <br> 2018 | 31 Dec <br> 2017 | $+/(-)$ |
| 43 | 2,171 | $(2,128)$ |
| 33,694 | 26,593 | 7,101 |
| 29,007 | 31,032 | $(2,026)$ |
| 62,744 | 59,797 | 2,947 |
| 19,697 | 16,848 | 2,849 |
| 724 | 848 | $(124)$ |
| 20,421 | 17,696 | 2,725 |
|  |  |  |
| 47,374 | 46,751 | 623 |
| $(5,051)$ | $(4,650)$ | $(401)$ |
| 42,323 | 42,101 | 222 |
| 62,744 | 59,797 | 2,947 |

## Assets

Total assets as of 30 Sep 2018 increased by US $\$ 106$ million (Baht 2,947 million) from 31 Dec 2017.

Total current assets increased US $\$ 160$ million (Baht 4,973 million) mainly due to:
a) an increase in inventory of US $\$ 129$ million (Baht 4,083 million) mainly from higher crude inventory reflecting from the timing of crude purchase and higher crude price;
b) an increase in trade and other account receivable of US\$96 million (Baht 3,016 million) from higher product selling price; but
c) partially offset by a decrease in cash \& cash equivalent of US\$65 million (Baht 2,128 million)

Non-current assets was lower mainly from a decrease in property, plant and equipment of US\$53 million (Baht 1,972 million) as depreciation expenses for $9 \mathrm{M} / 2018$ more than offset the additional capital investment in refinery reliability and efficiency projects.

## Liabilities

Total liabilities as of 30 Sep 2018 increased US\$88 million (Baht 2,725 million) from 31 Dec 2017. The increase in total liabilities are mainly from:
a) a net increase in bank borrowing of US\$203 million (Baht 6,581 million) for operating working capital; but partially offset by
b) a decrease in excise tax payable of US $\$ 59$ million (Baht 1,933 million) due to the prepayment of excise tax and oil fund of Sep 18 to the government in Sep 18. Generally the excise tax which included in product selling price will be paid to the government in the following month;
c) a decrease in trade and other payables of US\$36 (Baht 1,240 million) mainly from lower quantity of crude purchase but partly offset by higher crude price;
d) a decrease in corporate income tax payable of US\$25 million (Baht 838 million) due to the payment of income tax for 2017 but partly offset by additional income tax for Q3/18; and
e) a decrease in deferred tax liabilities of US\$4 million (Baht 149 million) resulted from exchange rate impact on temporary difference between accounting and tax book.

## Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' equity as of 30 Sep 2018 increased US $\$ 17$ million (Baht 222 million) from 31 Dec 2017 resulted from the net profit in 9M/2018 but partially offset by dividend payment from 2017 and 1H/2018 net profit of US $\$ 97$ million (Baht 2,951 million) and US $\$ 77$ million (Baht 2,570 million) respectively.

## 5) Statement of Cash Flow

| $9 \mathrm{M} / 2018$ | US\$ Million |
| :--- | ---: |
| Net cash used in operating activities | $(83)$ |
| Net cash used in investing activities | $(12)$ |
| Net cash generated in financing activities | 30 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | $\mathbf{( 6 6 )}$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | $\mathbf{6 6}$ |
| Adjustments from foreign exchange translation | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Baht Million |
| ---: |
| $(2,738)$ |
| $(404)$ |
| 1,164 |
| $(1,979)$ |
| $\mathbf{2 , 1 7 1}$ |
| $(150)$ |
| 43 |

SPRC cash and cash equivalents at 30 Sep 2018 was US $\$ 1$ million (Baht 43 million), a decrease of US $\$ 66$ million (Baht 1,979 million) from 31 Dec 2017.

Details of cash flow activities in 9M/2018 are as follow.
a) Net cash used in operating activities of US\$83 million (Baht 2,738 million) which was primarily due to:

- cash used in operating assets of US\$222 million (Baht 7,176 million), mainly from an increase in inventory of US $\$ 129$ million (Baht 4,173 million) due to the increase in both inventory volume and price in Sep 18 and an increase in trade receivable of US $\$ 94$ million (Baht 3,034 million) due to higher product selling price;
- cash used in operating liabilities of US\$85 million (Baht 2,736 million), mainly from a decrease in current liabilities and other liabilities of US $\$ 51$ million (Baht 1,638 million) primarily from the prepayment of excise tax and oil fund and a decrease in trade and other payables of US\$34 million (Baht 1,099 million) due to lower quantity of crude purchase in Sep; but
- partially offset by 9M/2018 net profit of US\$191 million (Baht 6,144 million) and add back noncash items of US $\$ 33$ million (Baht 1,030 million).
b) Net cash used in investing activities of US\$12 million (Baht 404 million), primarily on projects spending to increase refinery reliability and efficiency.
c) Net cash generated in financing activities of US\$30 million (Baht 1,164 million) for the net increase in bank borrowing of US\$201 million (Baht 6,685 million) for operating working capital but partly offset by dividend payment of US $\$ 172$ million (Baht 5,521 million) for the net profit of 2017 and 9M/ 2018.


## 6) Financial Ratios

|  |  | Q3/18 | Q2/18 | Q3/17 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current Ratio | (Time) | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Net Profit Margin | (\%) | 2.4 | 4.4 | 6.6 |
| Debt to Equity ratio | (Time) | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Net Interest Bearing Debt to <br> Equity ratio | (Time) | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |


| $9 \mathrm{M} / 18$ | $9 \mathrm{M} / 17$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1.7 | 1.7 |
| 4.0 | 5.0 |
| 0.5 | 0.4 |
| 0.2 | 0.0 |

## Note:

| Current Ratio | $=$ Current Assets / Current Liabilities | (Time) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Net Profit Margin | $=$ Quarter (Net Profit(Loss) / Total Revenue) |  |
| Debt to Equity Ratio | $=$ Total Liabilities / Total Shareholders' Equity | (\%) |
| Net Interest Bearing Debt to Equity ratio | $=$ Interest Bearing Debt - Cash / Total Shareholders' Equity | (Time) |

Net Profit Margin
Debt to Equity Ratio
Net Interest Bearing Debt to Equity ratio
= Current Assets / Current Liabilities
= Quarter (Net Profit(Loss) / Total Revenue)
= Interest Bearing Debt - Cash / Total Shareholders' Equity

